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**P3. Write a program to check greatest of two numbers:**

```
SQL> SET serveroutput on;
SQL> declare
  a number(3) :=&a;
  b number(3) :=&b;
begin
  if a>b then
    dbms_output.put_line('A is the greatest : ' ||a);
  else
    dbms_output.put_line('B is the greatest : ' ||b);
  end if;
end;
/
Enter value for a: 20
Enter value for b: 90
```

B is the greatest : 90

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed

**P4. Given 2 sides of a rectangle .Write a program to find out its area is greater than its perimeter or not.**

```
SQL> SET serveroutput on;
SQL> declare
  l number;
  b number;
  ar number;
  pr number;
begin
  l := &l;
  b := &b;
  ar := l*b;
  pr := 2*(l+b);
  if ar > pr then
    dbms_output.put_line('The area is greater then its perimeter.'|| 'area is ='||ar||',
    perimeter is ='||pr);
  else
    dbms_output.put_line('The area is less then its perimeter. '|| 'area is ='||ar||',
    perimeter is ='||pr);
  end if;
end;
/
```

```
Enter value for l: 1
Enter value for b: 2
The area is less then its perimeter. area is = 2, perimeter is = 6
```

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

### P5. WRITE A PROGRAM TO INPUT A SINGLE DIGIT NO: *CONVERT IT INTO WORDS.*

```
declare
a number;
t varchar(5);
Begin
a := &a;
if a=1 then
t := 'one';
elsif a=2 then
t := 'two';
elsif a= 3 then
t := 'three';
elsif a=4 then
t := 'four';
elsif a=5 then
t := 'five';
elsif a=6 then
t := 'six';
elsif a=7 then
t := 'seven';
elsif a=8 then
t := 'eight';
elsif a=9 then
t := 'nine';
Else
t := 'zero';
End if;
dbms_output.put_line(a || '=' || t);
End;
/
Enter value for a: 3
old 5: a := &a;
new 5: a := 3;
3 = three
```

**P6. Write a program to check the given number is +ve or -ve :**

```
declare
    n number;
begin
    n:= &n;
    if n>0 then
        dbms_output.put_line('The given number is positive ' || n);
    else
        dbms_output.put_line('The given number is negative ' || n);
    end if;
end;
/
Enter value for n: 3
old  4: n:= &n;
new  4: n:= 3;
the given number is positive 3
```

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

```
SQL> /
Enter value for n: -1
old  4: n:= &n;
new  4: n:= -1;
the given number is negative -1
```

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.